## Amendments T The Claims

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A method for improving a genetic stability of a foreign insert nucleotide sequence in a recombinant eingle stranded RNA virus poliovirus vector, which comprises performing a mutagenesis of the foreign insert nucleotide sequence (a) to provide even distribution of G/C content throughout the overall foreign insert nucleotide sequence and/or (b) to increase G/C content of the foreign insert without substantially causing amino acid substitutions.

## 2-3. (cancelled).

- 4. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the mutagenesis renders the foreign insert nucleotide sequence to have the G/C content of more than 30%
- 5. (original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the mutagenesis renders the foreign insert nucleotide sequence to have the G/C content of more than 40%.
- 6. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the mutagenesis of the insert nucleotide sequence to provide even distribution of G/C content is performed by increasing G/C content of local A/T-rich region in the foreign insert nucleotide sequence.
- 7. (original) The method according to claim 6, wherein the mutagenesis renders the local A/T-rich region of the foreign insert nucleotide sequence to have the G/C content of more than 30%.

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- 9. (currently amended) The method according to any one of claims 1-81, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, wherein the mutagenesis is performed by silent mutations.
- 10. (currently amended) The method according to any one of claims 1-8-1, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence is smaller than 480 bp in size.
- 11. (currently amended) The method according to claim 10, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence is smaller than 480450 bp in size.
- 12. (currently amended) The method according to claim 3-1, wherein the poliovirus is one selected from the group consisting of poliovirus type 1, poliovirus type 2 and poliovirus type 3.
- 13. (currently amended) The method according to claim 3-1, wherein the poliovirus is one selected from the group consisting of poliovirus Sabin type 1, poliovirus Sabin type 2 and poliovirus Sabin type 3.
- 14. (original) The method according to claim 13, wherein the poliovirus is poliovirus Sabin type 1.

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- 15. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide antigen selected from the group consisting of bacterial polypeptide antigens, viral polypeptide antigens, fungal polypeptide antigens and eukaryotic parasite polypeptide antigens.
- 16. (original) The method according to claim 15, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide antigen of an infectious virus selected from human immunodeficiency virus, simian immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis A virus, hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus, poliovirus, human papilloma virus, herpes simplex virus, rotavirus, influenza virus and epidemic hemorrhagic fever virus.
- 17. (original) The method according to claim 16, wherein the polypeptide or a protein antigen is derived from the coding region covering the antigenic determinant sites.
- 18. (currently amended) The method according to claim 15 or 16, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide antigen is monomeric, dimeric or multimeric.
- 19. (currently amended) The method according to claim 18, wherein the dimeric or multimeric foreign insert is homo/hetero-dimer or homo/hetero-multimer.
- 20. (currently amended) A method for constructing a recombinant single stranded; RNA virus a recombinant policytrus containing an a foreign insert nucleotide sequence, which comprises the steps of:
  - (a) preparing the foreign insert nucleotide sequence which has an even distribution of G/C content which has an even distribution of G/C content

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throughout the overall foreign insert nucleotide sequence and/or has a G/C content of more than 30%; and

- (a) performing a mutagenesis of the foreign insert nucleotide sequence (i) to provide even distribution of G/C content throughout the overall foreign insert nucleotide sequence and/or (ii) to increase G/C content of the foreign insert without substantially causing amino acid substitutions; and
- (b) introducing the foreign insert into a viral genome of a parent RNA virus to construct the recombinant RNA virus poliovirus,

wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence is introduced in such a manner that the recombinant RNA virus recombinant poliovirus is not disrupted for viral propagation

- 21. (withdrawn)
- 22-24, (cancelled)
- 25. (original) The method according to claim 20, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence has the G/C content of more than 40%.
- 26. (currently amended) The method according to claim 22-20, wherein the mutagenesis of the foreign insert nucleotide sequence to provide even distribution of G/C content is performed by increasing G/C content of local A/T-rich region of the foreign insert nucleotide sequence.
- 27. (original) The method according to claim 26, wherein the mutagenesis at a local A/T-rich region renders the region to have the G/C content of more than 30%.
- 28. (original) The method according to claim 27, wherein the mutagenesis at a local A/T-rich region renders the region to have the G/C content of more than 40%.

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- 29. (currently amended) The method according to claim 22-20, wherein the mutagenesis is performed by silent mutations.
- 30. (currently amended) The method according to any one of claims 20-29, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29, wherein the insert nucleotide sequence is smaller than 480 bp in size.
- 31. (original) The method according to claim 30, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence is smaller than 450 bp in size.
- 32. (currently amended) The method according to claim 23-20, wherein the policyirus is one selected from the group consisting of policyirus type 1, policyirus type 2 and policyirus type 3.
- 33. (currently amended) The method according to claim 23-20, wherein the poliovirus is one selected from the group consisting of poliovirus Sabin type 1, poliovirus Sabin type 2 and poliovirus Sabin type 3.
- 34. (original) The method according to claim 33, wherein the poliovirus is poliovirus Sabin type 1.
- 35. (original) The method according to claim 20, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide antigen selected from the group consisting of bacterial polypeptide antigens, viral polypeptide antigens, fungal polypeptide antigens and eukaryotic parasite polypeptide antigens.

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- 37. (original) The method according to claim 36, wherein the polypeptide or a protein antigen is derived from the coding region covering the major or minor antigenic determinant sites.
- 38. (currently amended) The method according to claims 36 or 37, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide antigen is menomeric, dimeric or multimeric.
- 39. (currently amended) The method according to claim 38, wherein the dimeric or multimeric foreign insert is homo/hetero-dimmer-hetero-dimer or homo/hetero-multimer.
- 40. (currently amended) A recombinant single stranded RNA virus poliovirus comprising an a foreign insert nucleotide sequence, characterized in that the recombinant single stranded RNA virus poliovirus is constructed by the method according to any one of claims 20-29, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29.
- 41. (currently amended) The recombinant single stranded RNA-virus poliovirus according to claim 40, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence is smaller than 480 bp in size.

- (currently amended) The recombinant single stranded RNA virus poliovirus 42. according to claim 41, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence is smaller than 450 bp in size.
- (currently amended) The recombinant single-stranded RNA virus-poliovirus 43. according to claim 40, wherein the poliovirus is one selected from the group consisting of poliovirus type 1, poliovirus type 2 and poliovirus type 3.
- (currently amended) The recombinant single-stranded RNA-virus-poliovirus 44. according to claim 43, wherein the poliovirus is one selected from the group consisting of poliovirus Sabin type 1, poliovirus Sabin type 2 and poliovirus Sabin type 3.
- (currently amended) The recombinant single-stranded RNA-virus-poliovirus 45. according to claim 44, wherein the poliovirus is poliovirus Sabin type 1.
- 46. (currently amended) The recombinant single-stranded-RNA virus poliovirus according to claim 40, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide antigen selected from the group consisting of bacterial polypeptide antigens, viral polypeptide antigens, fungal polypeptide antigens and eukaryotic parasite polypeptide antigens.
- 47. (currently amended) The recombinant single stranded RNA virus poliovirus according to claim 46, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide antigen of an infectious virus selected from human immunodeficiency virus, simian immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis A virus, hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus, poliovirus, human

papilloma virus, herpes simplex virus, rotavirus, influenza virus and epidemic hemorrhagic fever virus.

- 48. (currently amended) The recombinant single-stranded RNA virus poliovirus according to claim 47, wherein the polypeptide or the protein antigen is derived from the coding region covering the major or minor antigenic determinant sites.
- 49. (currently amended) The recombinant single stranded RNA virus poliovirus according to claims 47 or 48, wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide antigen is monomeric, dimeric or multimeric.
- 50. (currently amended) The recombinant single stranded RNA virus poliovirus according to claim 49, wherein the dimeric or multimeric foreign insert is homo/hetero-dimer dimmer or homo/hetero-multimer.
- 51. (currently amended) The recombinant single stranded RNA virus poliovirus according to any one of claims 43 45 claim 40, wherein the recombinant poliovirus comprises:
  - (a) a genomic nucleotide sequence of a parent poliovirus;
  - (b) an additional polioviral cleavage site; and
  - (c) the foreign insert nucleotide sequence,

wherein the foreign insert nucleotide sequence is introduced into the viral genome of a parent poliovirus without disrupting the viral infection and proliferation, and a poliovirus protease also acts on the additional cleavage site so that the polypeptide or protein antigen

encoded by the foreign insert nucleotide sequence is released from a polyprotein precursor of the recombinant poliovirus.

52-55. (withdrawn).